

SEALING NEVADA CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORDS

Nevada Revised Statutes permits courts to order the sealing of criminal records if certain conditions are met and the court is satisfied that the subject has been rehabilitated. The word “sealing” is used to describe a procedure whereby a record is physically removed from a record system and its dissemination is substantially or altogether restricted. Sealing of records prohibits access to criminal record information except to employees of the Repository for record management purposes, a party or agency for an authorized search as provided for in Nevada Revised Statutes or a party authorized pursuant to a court order.

The waiting period for sealing criminal records varies. Some arrests, such as sexual offenses can not be sealed. For specific information, please review the following statutes.

179.245	Sealing records after conviction
179.255	Sealing records after dismissal or acquittal
179.275	Orders for sealing records - distribution, compliance
179.285	Order sealing records - effect
179.295	Reopening sealed records
179.301	Inspection of sealed records by certain agencies
179A.160	Removal of records where case disposition is favorable to accused
193.130	Punishment of felonies
193.140	Punishment of gross misdemeanors
193.150	Punishment of misdemeanors
453.3365	Sealing of records of persons convicted of possession of controlled substance not for the purpose of sale
484.379	Sealing of non-felony DUI arrests in conjunction with NRS 179.245

The procedures for sealing Nevada criminal history records varies from county to county. To petition a court to seal your criminal history record, contact the court in the jurisdiction where the arrest occurred. To facilitate completing the court forms, obtain a copy of your Nevada criminal history record.